

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Request Pattern, Pre-Analytical and Analytical Conditions of Urinalysis in Primary Care: Lessons from a One-Year Large-Scale Multicenter Study

Maria Salinas^{1,2}, Maite López-Garrigós¹, Emilio Flores^{1,3}, Carlos Leiva-Salinas⁴

¹ Clinical Laboratory, Hospital Universitario de San Juan, San Juan de Alicante, Spain

² Department of Biochemistry and Molecular Pathology, Universidad Miguel Hernandez, Elche, Spain

³ Department of Clinical Medicine, Universidad Miguel Hernandez, Elche, Spain

⁴ Department of Radiology, University of Missouri, Columbia, MO, USA

SUMMARY

Background: To study the urinalysis request, pre-analytical sample conditions, and analytical procedures.

Methods: Laboratories were asked to provide the number of primary care urinalyses requested, and to fill out a questionnaire regarding pre-analytical conditions and analytical procedures.

Results: 110 laboratories participated in the study. 232.5 urinalyses/1,000 inhabitants were reported. 75.4% used the first morning urine. The sample reached the laboratory in less than 2 hours in 18.8%, between 2 - 4 hours in 78.3%, and between 4 - 6 hours in the remaining 2.9%. 92.5% combined the use of test strip and particle analysis, and only 7.5% used the strip exclusively. All participants except one performed automated particle analysis depending on strip results; in 16.2% the procedure was only manual.

Conclusions: Urinalysis was highly requested. There was a lack of compliance with guidelines regarding time between micturition and analysis that usually involved the combination of strip followed by particle analysis. (Clin. Lab. 2018;64:xx-xx. DOI: 10.7754/Clin.Lab.2018.171239)

Correspondence:

Maria Salinas, PhD
Hospital Universitario de San Juan
Carretera Alicante-Valencia, s/n
03550 San Juan de Alicante
Alicante
Spain
Phone: +34 965169463
Fax: +34 965938383
Email: salinas_mar@gva.es

Supplementary Material: Survey submitted to participant laboratories.

PRE-ANALYTICAL CONDITIONS

ANALYTICAL CONDITIONS